



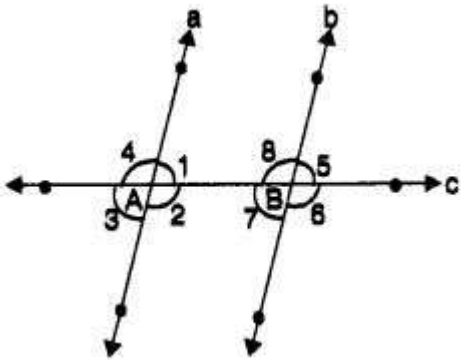
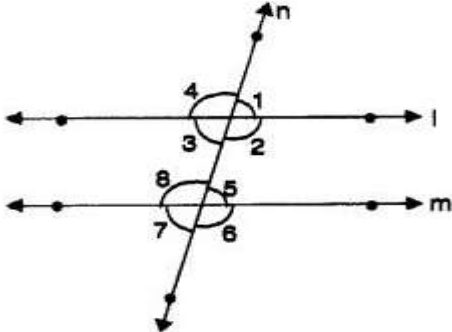
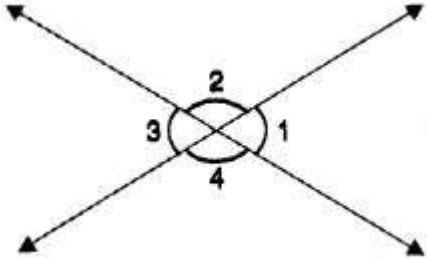
INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

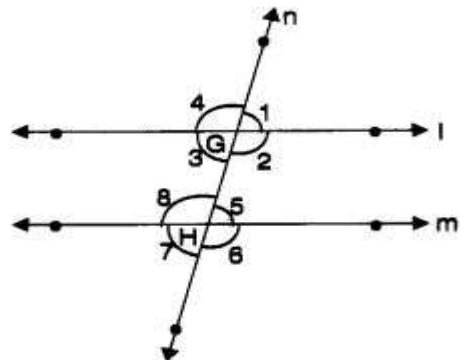
Class VII, Mathematics

LINES & ANGLES WORKSHEET- (MCQ)

Multiple Choice questions

Q.1.	The complementary angle of 59°						
A	121°	B	31°	C	17°	D	22°
Q.2.	In a linear pair , one angle is 49° , then the measure of the other angle is						
A	49°	B	120°	C	131°	D	180°
Q.3.	Find the value of x in figure						
A	135°	B	45°	C	60°	D	35°
Q.4.	In figure p and q are parallel lines ,the value of k is						
A	40°	B	50°	C	110°	D	140°
Q.5.	Find the measure of the angle which is double of its complementary angle?						
A	60°	B	30°	C	120°	D	45°
Q.6.	In the following figure, a transversal c intersects two parallel lines a and b at A and B respectively and the angles formed at A and B are marked. Which of the following pairs of						

	angles need not be equal?							
	A	$\angle 1, \angle 2$	B	$\angle 1, \angle 3$	C	$\angle 1, \angle 5$	D	$\angle 2, \angle 8$
Q.7.	Which of the following statements is true?							
	A	Two acute angles can be supplementary.	B	Two right angles can be supplementary.	C	Two obtuse angles can be supplementary.	D	One obtuse angle and one acute angle cannot be supplementary
Q8.	In the following figure, which pair of angles are not corresponding angles?							
	A	$\angle 1, \angle 5$	B	$\angle 2, \angle 6$	C	$\angle 3, \angle 7$	D	$\angle 3, \angle 5$
Q9	In the following figure, if $\angle 1 + \angle 3 = 120^\circ$, then $\angle 2 + \angle 4$ is equal to							
	A	60°	B	120°	C	240°	D	80°

Q10	In the following figure, a transversal cuts two parallel lines l and m at points G and H respectively and the angles thus formed are marked. If $\angle 1$ is an acute angle, then, which of the following statements is false?				
	A $\angle 1 + \angle 2 = 180^\circ$	B $\angle 2 + \angle 5 = 180^\circ$	C $\angle 3 + \angle 8 = 180^\circ$	D $\angle 2 + \angle 6 = 180^\circ$.	

FILL IN THE BLANKS

Q11	When two lines intersect at a point ----- angles are equal
Q12	When a transversal cut a pair of lines ,there are -----pairs of alternate interior angles
Q13	In adjacent angles, if non common are opposite rays it forms -----
Q14	The supplementary angle of 68° is -----
Q15	When a transversal cut a pair of parallel lines the co-interior angles are -----

CASE STUDY: Math teacher draws a straight line AB shown on the black board as per following figure

(i) Now teacher told Sanjay to draw another line CD as in figure.

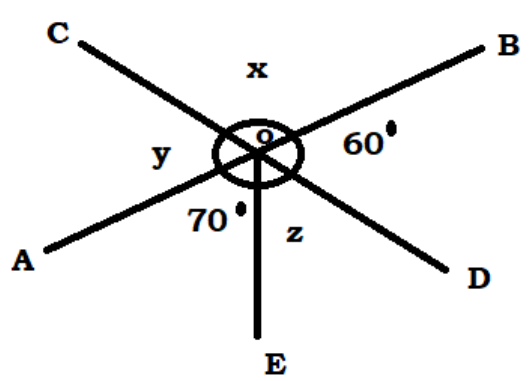
(ii) Teacher told Ajay to mark $\angle AOC$ as y

(iii) Suraj was told to mark $\angle DOE$ as z

(iv) Mano marked $\angle BOC$ as x

(v) Tom marked $\angle BOD$ as 60°

Now answer the following questions.



Q 16	What is the value of x ?			
A	70°	B 120°	C 60°	D 50°
Q 17	What is the value of y ?			
A	60°	B 40°	C 70°	D 120°

Q 18	The complementary angle of z							
	A	80°	B	90°	C	50°	D	40°
Q 19	The angles $\angle AOE$ and $\angle DOE$ are							
	A	Complementary angles	B	Adjacent angles	C	Supplementary angles	D	Linear pair
Q 20	Which of the following is adjacent supplementary angles?							
	A	$\angle AOC$ & $\angle AOE$	B	$\angle DOE$ & $\angle BOC$	C	$\angle AOC$ & $\angle BOC$	D	$\angle DOE$ & $\angle BOD$

ANSWERS

1.	B) 31°	2.	B) 131°	3.	B) 45°	4.	D) 140°
5.	A) 60°	6.	A) $\angle 1, \angle 2$	7.	B)	8.	D) $\angle 3, \angle 5$
9.	C) 240°	10.	D) $\angle 2 + \angle 6 = 180^{\circ}$.	11.	Vertically opposite	12.	2
13.	Linear pair	14.	112°	15.	Supplementary	16.	B) 120°
17.	A) 60°	18.	D) 40°	19.	B) Adjacent angles	20.	C) $\angle AOC$ & $\angle BOC$